



# SDV Challenges and Cloud-native System Design Approach

**SOAFEE APAC Seminar**

**Wenhung Kevin Huang**

DENSO CORPORATION

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# Who am I



Wenhung Kevin Huang (黄 文鴻)  
Project Assistant Manager



Tokyo Office, DENSO CORPORATION



Interest in software verification and  
safety-critical systems



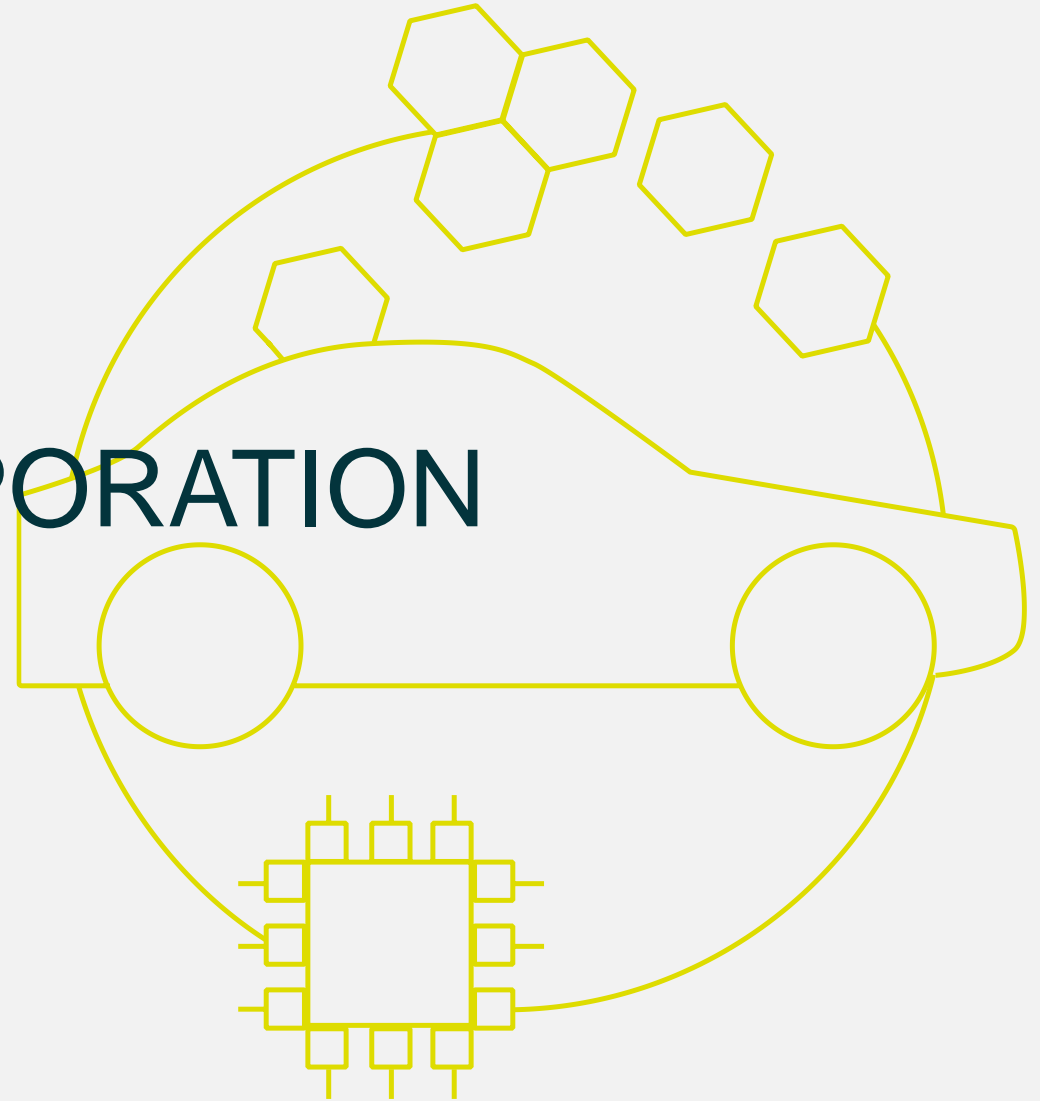
Love badminton, sauna, board game



# Agenda

1. About DENSO CORPORATION
2. The Future of Mobility & SDV Use Cases
3. Changes & Challenges brought by SDV
4. Solution - Cloud-native System Design Approach
5. Summary & Next Steps

# 1. About DENSO CORPORATION



# About DENSO CORPORATION



- Global Fortune 500 company
- Focus on advanced mobility
- Positively change how the world moves
- Contribute to greater well-being
- Broad product portfolio & widespread global impact

The DENSO Group  
**190** companies

Total number of employees  
**164,572** people

**35** countries and regions

DENSO's Future Direction

## 4 core technologies

Electrification

Advanced Safety and Automated Driving

Connected Driving

Factory Automation /AgTech



Contribute to happiness for everyone through  
“green” and “peace of mind”

[denso.com/global/home/about-us/at-a-glance/](https://denso.com/global/home/about-us/at-a-glance/)

Software innovation by DENSO in the era of CASE | Newsroom | News | DENSO Global Website

# Green

CO<sub>2</sub> ± Z e r o

Aiming to become Carbon neutral  
by 2035

# Peace of mind

Without fatalities

Aiming to become a leading company that  
provides "Peace of Mind" to society

## Monozukuri (Manufacturing)

Realize complete carbon neutrality  
at our plants



## Mobility Products

Realize an energy-recycling society through  
the development and popularization of  
technologies that make  
effective use of renewable energy



## Energy Use

Contribute to the electrification of  
cars to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions to  
the greatest extent possible



## Elimination of Fatalities from Traffic Accidents

Popularize safety products through efforts  
focused on "depth" and "width," thereby  
realizing free mobility  
without fatalities from traffic accidents



## Creation of Comfortable Spaces

Enhance relevant technologies for  
creating peaceful,  
comfortable spaces



## Support for Working People

Draw on the technologies we have  
calculated in the mobility domain to  
establish a society where people are  
supported and their potential is nurtured



[denso\\_brochure\\_en.pdf](#)

# Purpose of this presentation

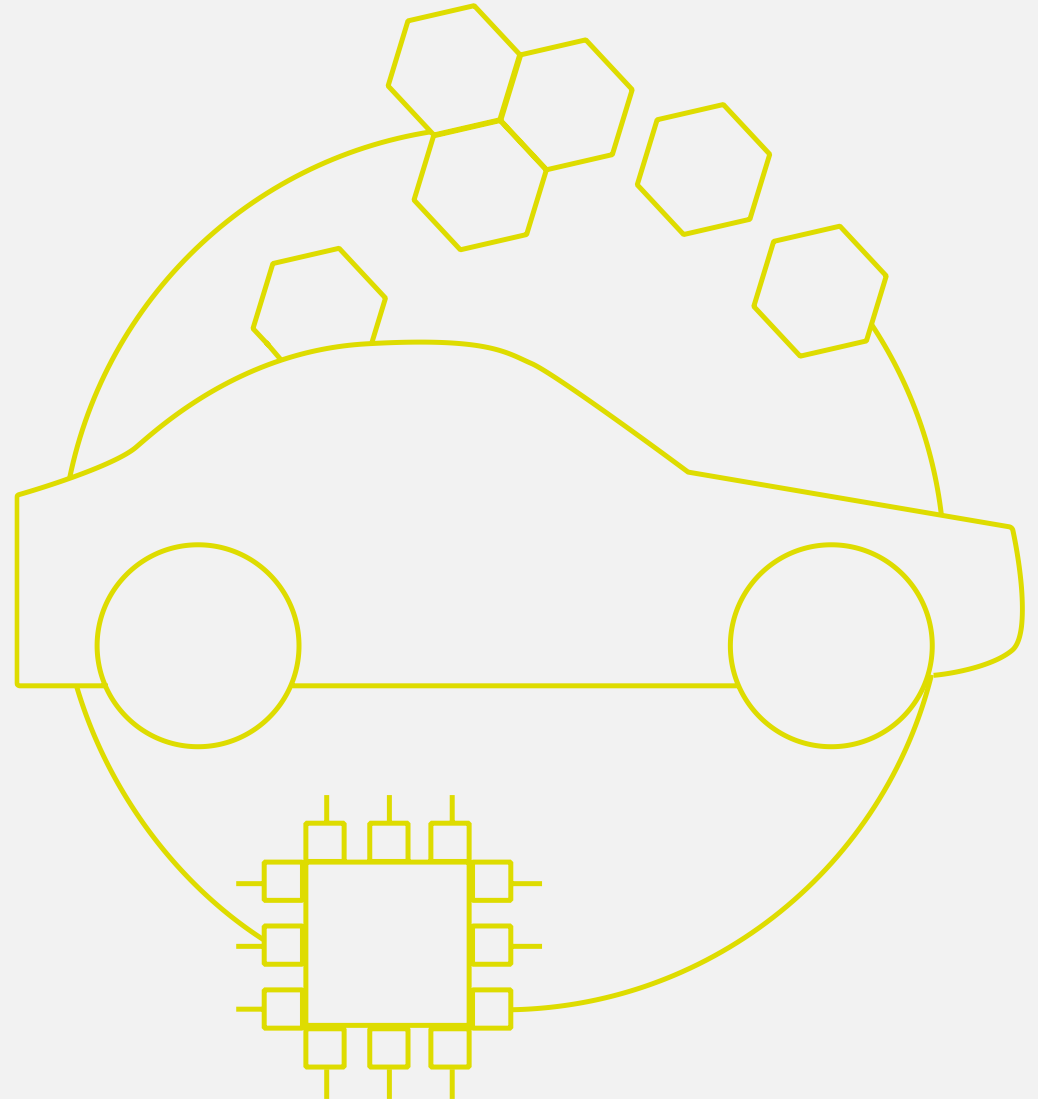
As part of Mixed-Criticality WG,  
we would like to

- **Share our current understandings and progress on the foreseen challenges of mixed-criticality drawn by the SDV use cases**
- **Propose our solution ideas to such SDV's mixed-criticality challenges**

## Agenda

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## 2. The Future of Mobility & SDV Use Cases



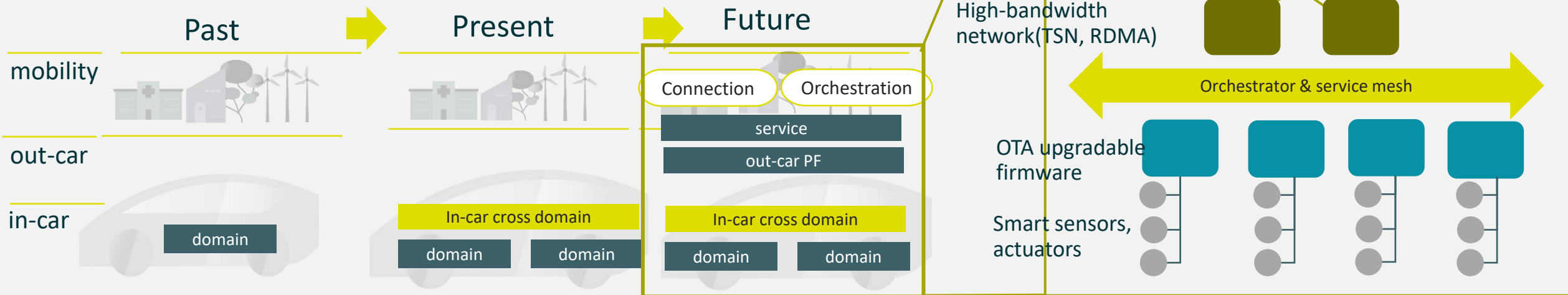


# The Future of Mobility: Software-defined Services

→ Software-defined Services

→ Services-oriented E/E Architecture

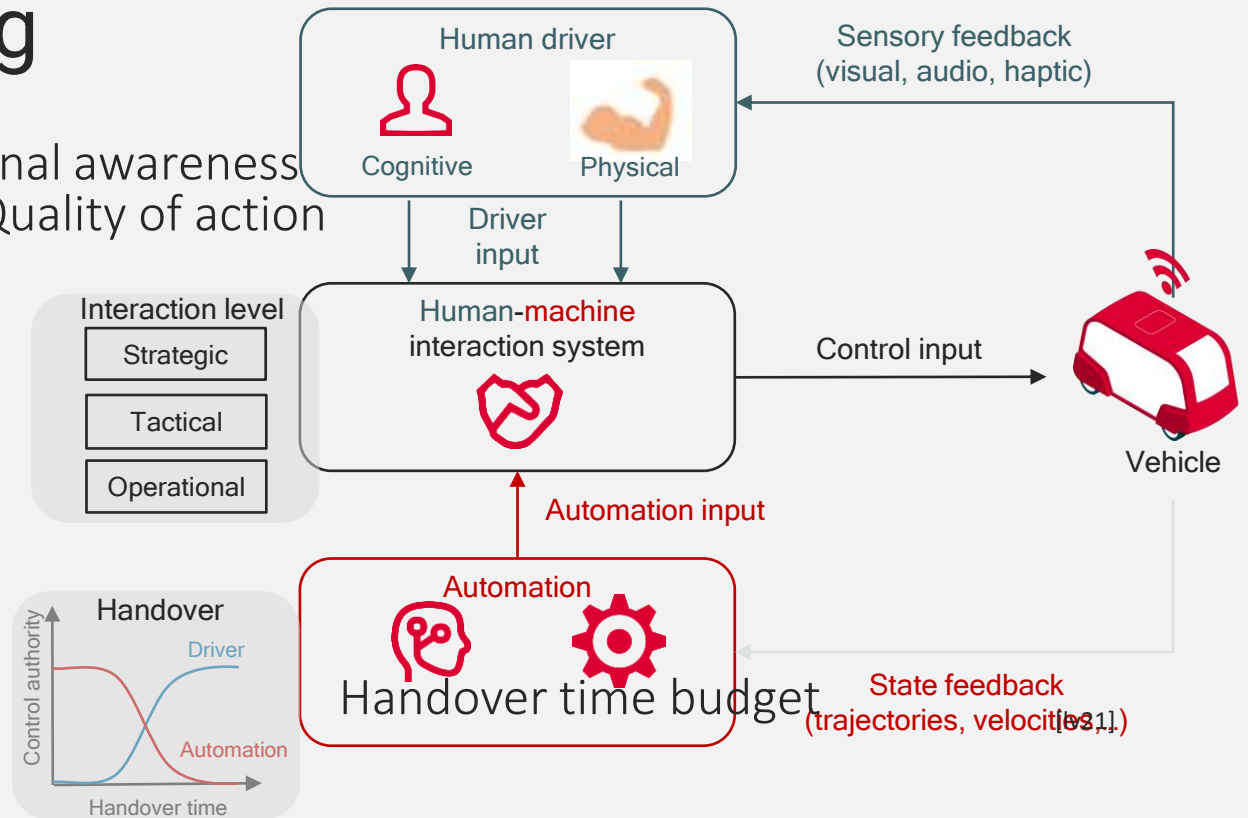
- Software : **microservice** architecture & **dynamic** virtual function domains
- Hardware : centralized/distributed computing architecture with **mesh network**



# Use Case - Autonomous Driving



Situational awareness  
Quality of action



→ Safe operation when a fault happens

- Fail-Safe: a system stops operations and transitions to safe state
- Fail-Degraded/Fail-Operation: a system **continues** operation with below/at least nominal performance

FAIL-SAFE

FAIL-DEGARDED

FAIL-OPERATION

SAE Level

0	1	2	3	4	5
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Safety First for Automated Driving (SaFAD paper) (2019-07)

# Use Case - Autonomous Driving

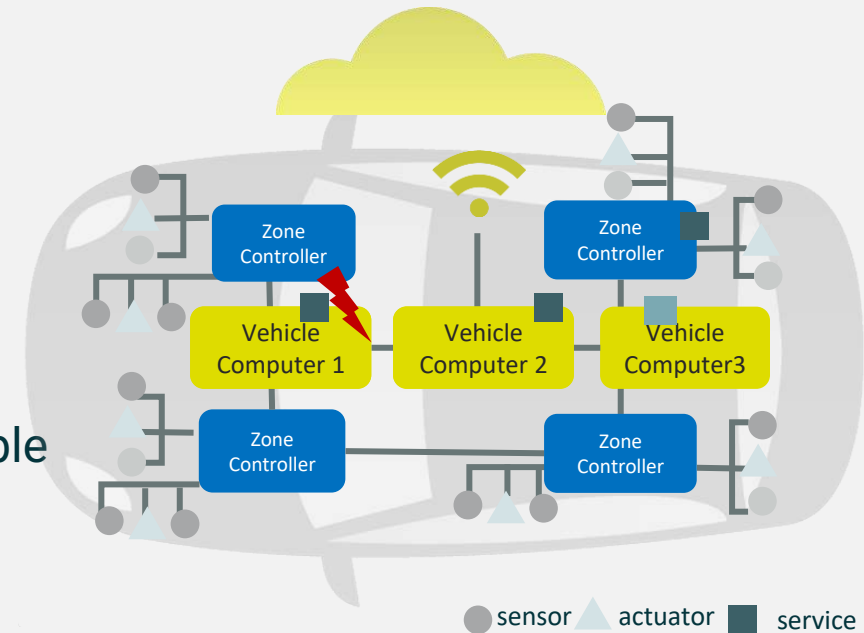
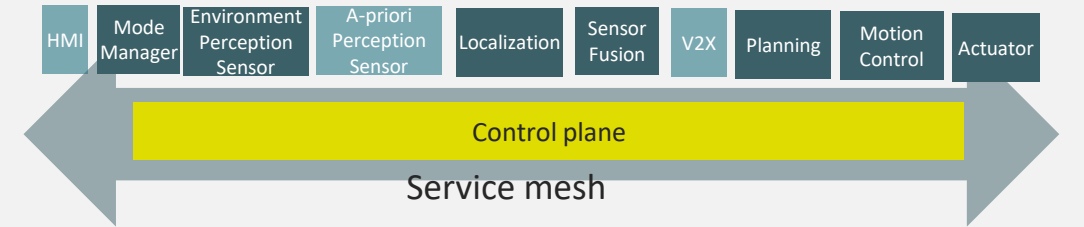
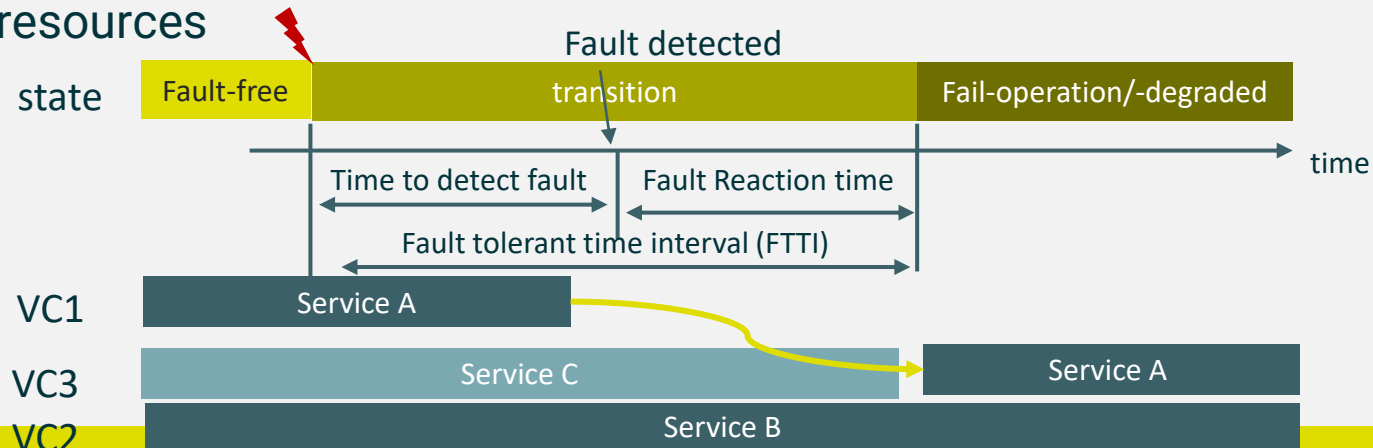
Fail-Degraded/Fail-Operation

## → Safety requirement

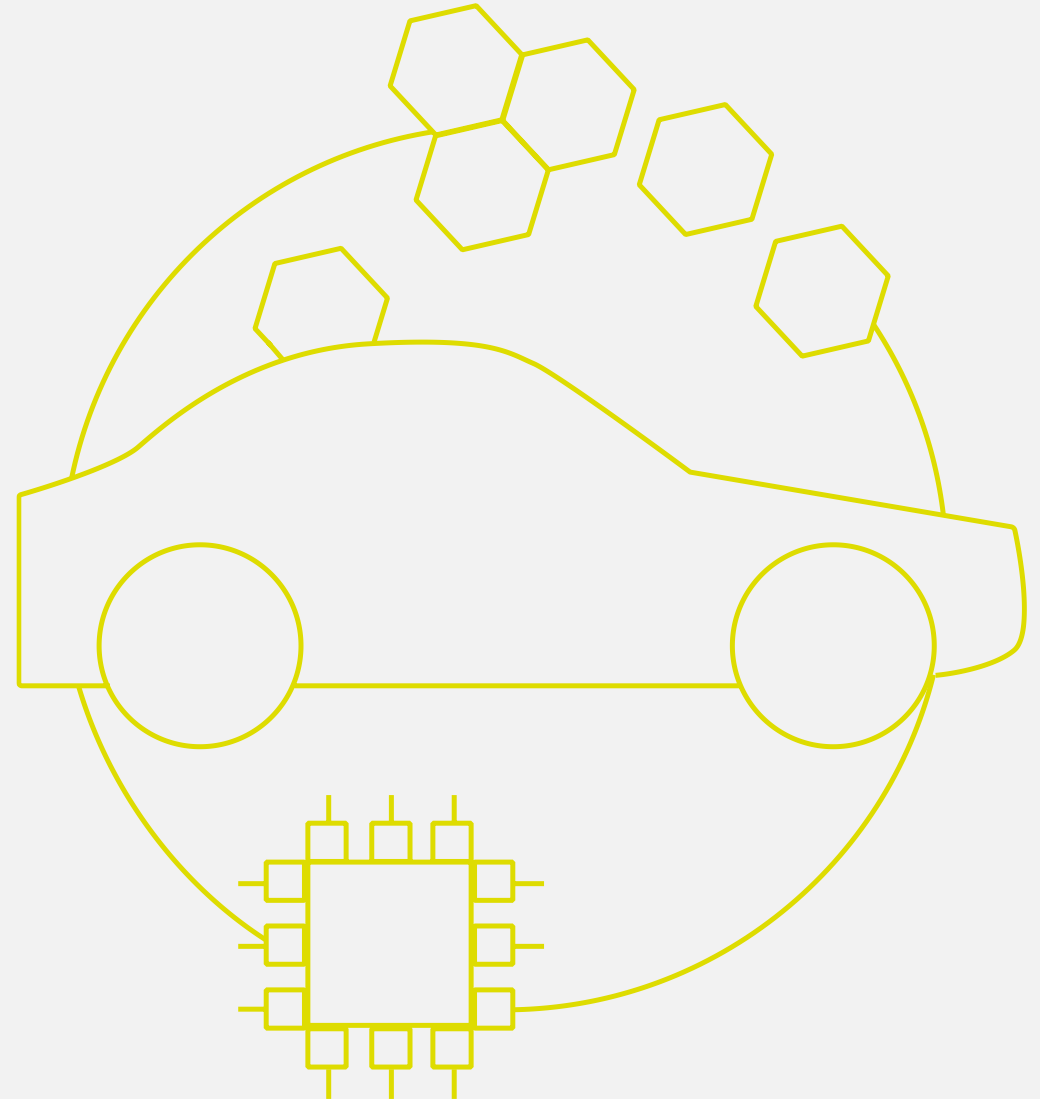
- A system continues operation with below/at least nominal performance+ timing requirement

## → Software-defined approach

- Functions are composed by services, running by different ECUs
- Zonal ECU concept matches the demands of service-oriented architectures
- Mutual monitoring, failover, safety-aware platform
- When a fault happens, rebalancing is performed according to available resources



# 3. Changes & Challenges brought by SDV



# Changes brought by SDV to the automotive industry

## **Difference reduced between HW & SW development**

More standardized development reduces the complexity of HW and SW integration

## **HW & SW decoupling**

Under the SDV concept, OTA is given more attention, promoting the decoupling of HW and SW.

## **New biz models**

Automotive industry is no longer just selling HW but bringing new profits to OEMs by providing services.

# Challenges brought by SDV to the automotive industry

## Architectural design

In order to achieve rapid development and iteration, it is necessary to design a **multi-modular automotive SW architecture with low correlation between modules.**

## Functional safety

For SW upgrades, it is necessary to **test and verify functional modules with different safety requirements** to ensure safety.

## Information Security

**Information protection and control technology** are required. For example, verification of data sources, and verification of data correctness and timeliness.

**SDV has had a significant impact on the development of automobiles, posing multiple challenges.**

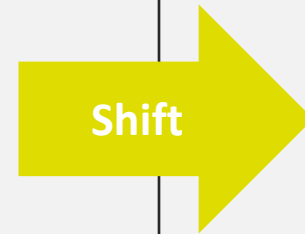
# Shift in Automotive Supply Chain

SDV pushes the automotive industry to shift towards Software Centric “Tier 0.5” approach

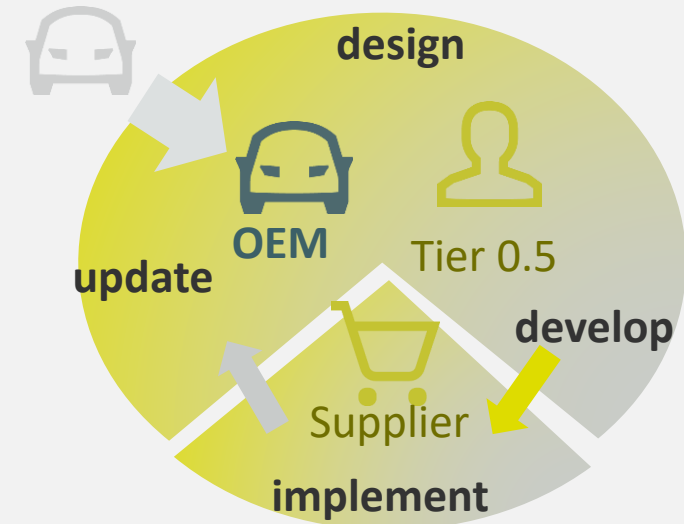
## Manufacturing-Centric



- OEM: detailed specs for manufacturing
- Tier 1: all product development and system integration

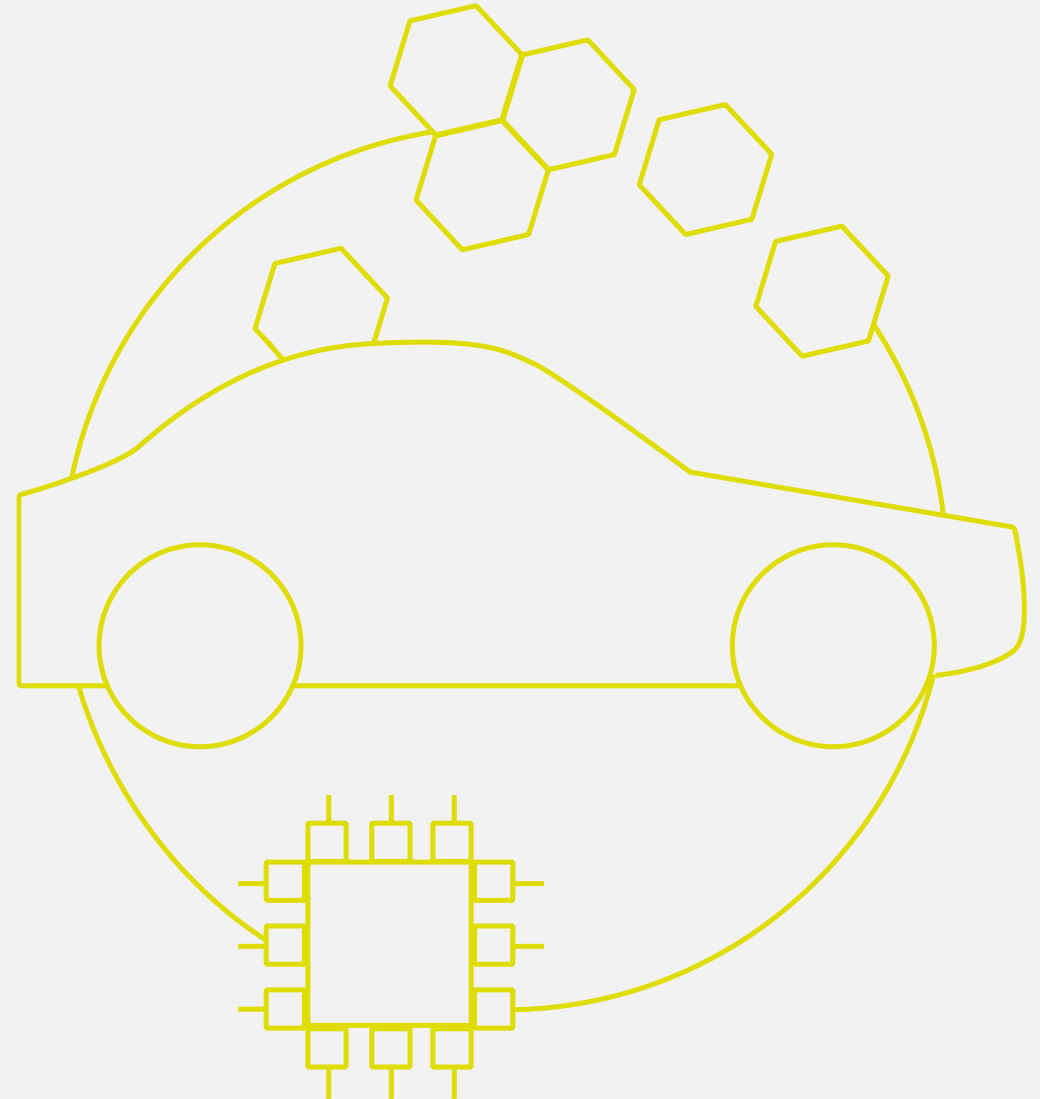
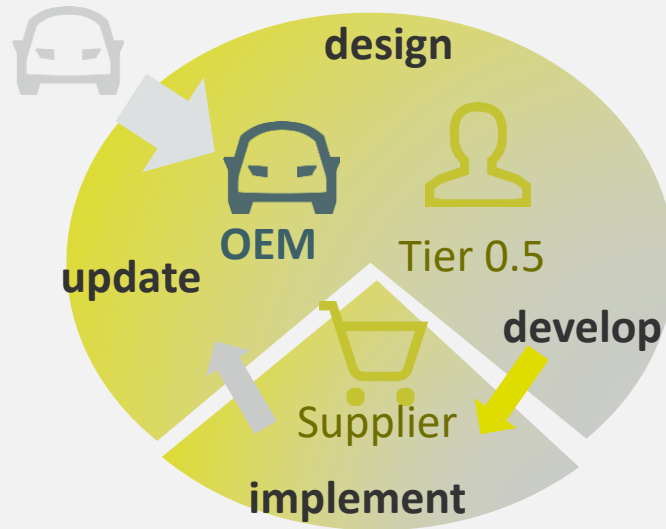


## Software-Centric



- OEM: source “Tier 0.5” partners as domain experts for co-design & development
- Long-term development & operational revenues

# 4. Cloud-native System Design Approach





# Lingua Franca

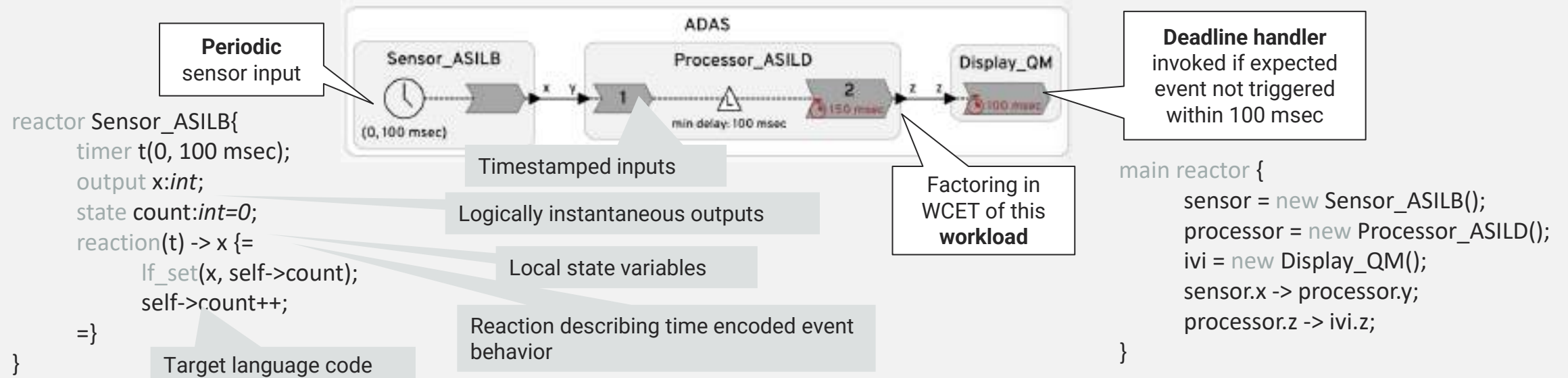
An actor-based synchronous reactive programming paradigm with a logical model of time

## → System Modeling

- Modeling software as reusable components

## → Deterministic scheduling

- Provide a runtime that enables efficient deterministic concurrency
- Support deadline-based error detection



**Lingua Franca semantics allow us to model and develop deterministic application code**

# Design: System Modeling

## - Model **AS** Code

Templating Language YAML/JSON/TOML -  
k8s, CloudFormation

- Pros
  - Easy to read for human
- Cons
  - Too complex to be used for production-grade manifests

```
application:  
  name: Sensor  
  asil: B  
  output:  
    name: x  
    type: int  
    targetPort: Processor.y  
--  
application:  
  name: Processor  
  input:  
    name: y
```

vs

## ✓ Model **IS** Code

Programming language/DSL -  
CDK8s, Lingua Franca

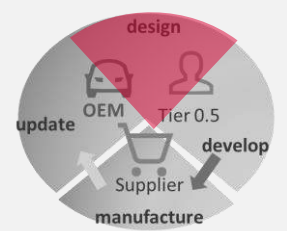
- Pros
  - More readable and production-grade manageable
- Cons
  - learning curve is steeper

```
reactor Sensor_ASILB{  
  timer t(0, 100 msec);  
  output x:int;  
}
```

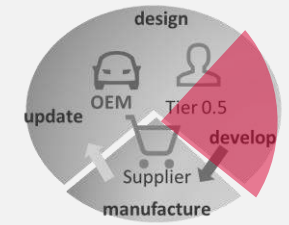
IDL

```
main reactor {  
  sensor = new Sensor_ASILB();  
  processor = new Processor_ASILD();  
  sensor.x -> processor.y;  
}
```

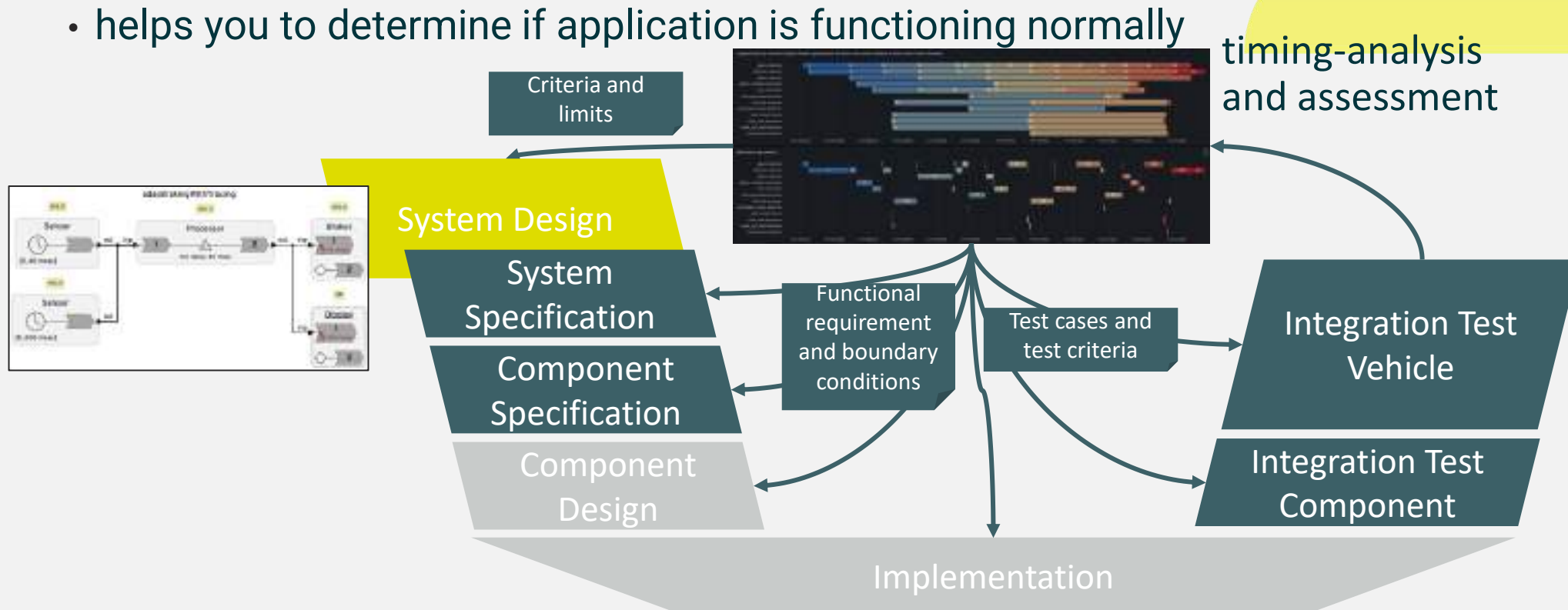
wiring



# Develop: System Development and Verification

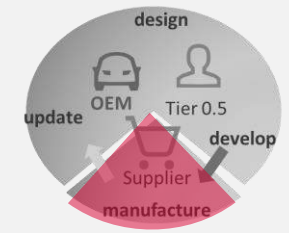


- Timing analysis in a V-model development process
- Cloud-native design development
- Observability
  - helps you to determine if application is functioning normally



# Implement: Deterministic Scheduling

A runtime with determinism and parallelism enable

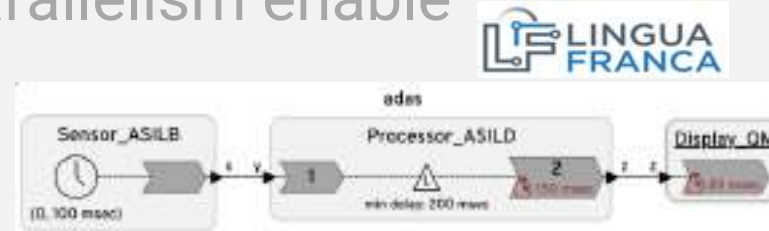


## → Determinism

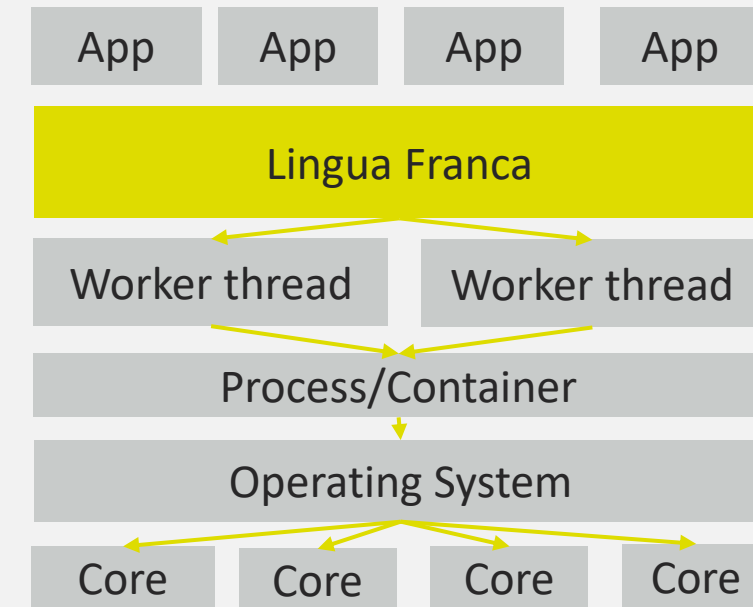
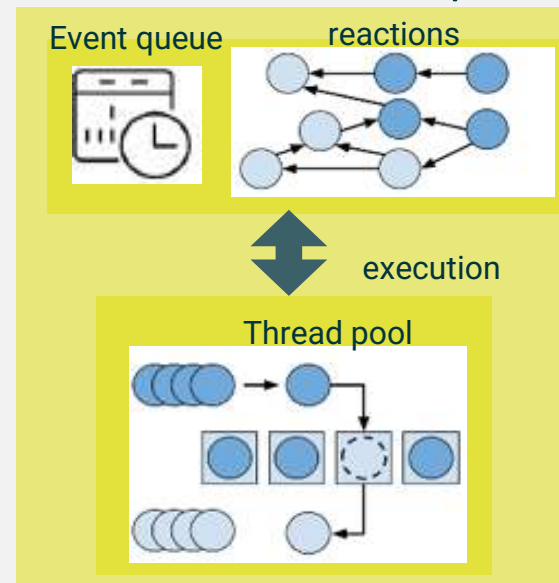
- Components inform the scheduler at what logical time to trigger reactions

## → Parallelism

- The runtime exploits parallelism by the dependencies between reactions in the dependency graph



compile



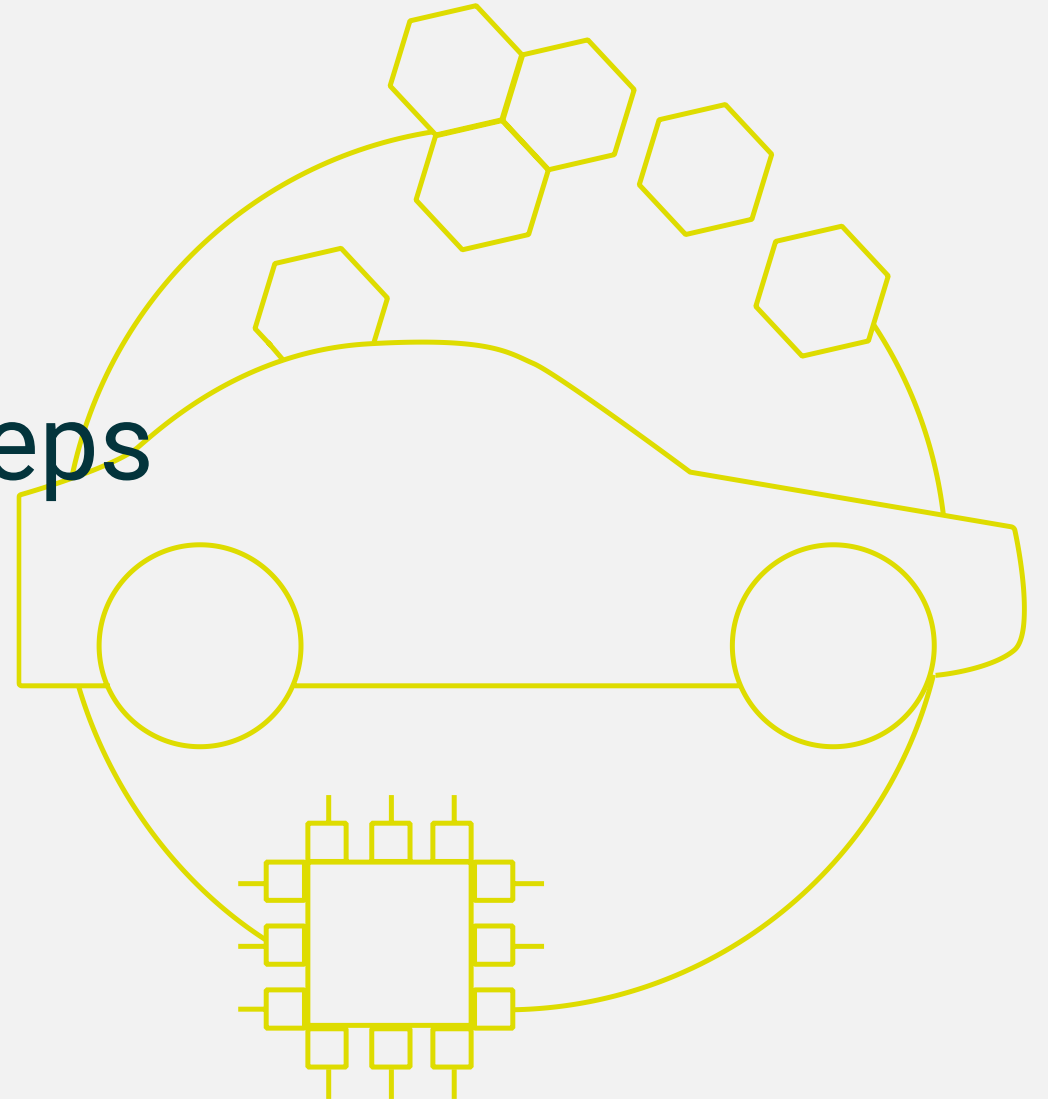
Control event flow through scheduling algorithms

# Demo of Automated Valet Parking using LF

→ Blueprint submitted to SOAFEE (to be released soon)

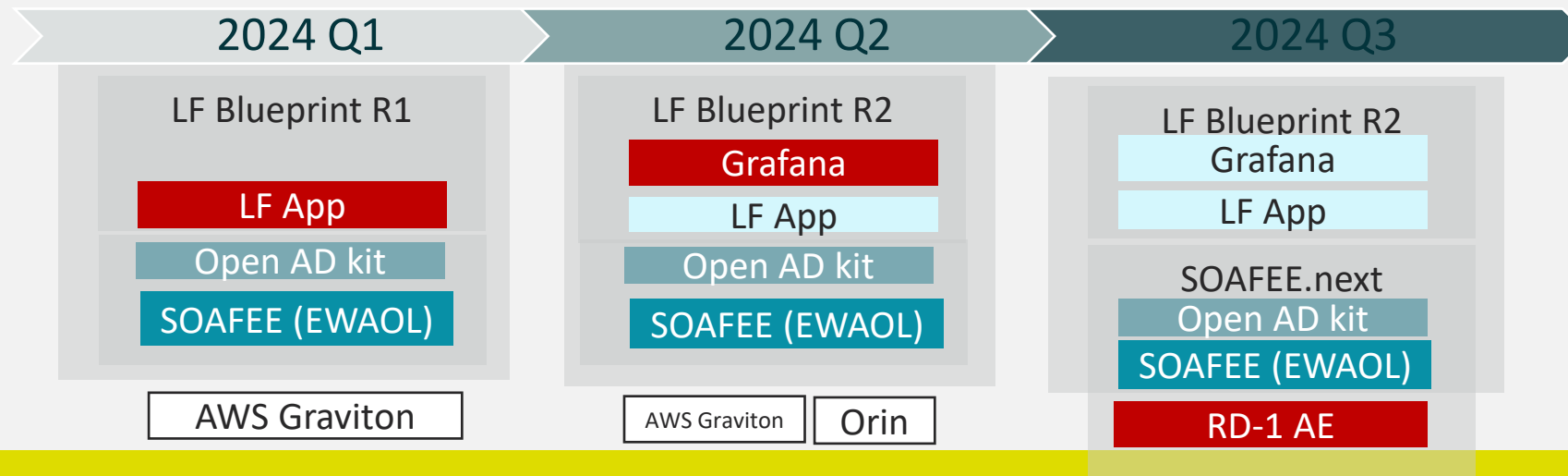


## 4. Summary and Next Steps



# Conclusions and Future Works

- Summary
  - Software-oriented E/E Architecture enables the future of mobility
  - We demonstrated LF as a mixed critical orchestrator solution on SOAFEE reference architecture using AVP
- Next steps
  - Proposal to MCO requirement
  - Integration of LF blueprint with SOAFEE.next





Thank You

Danke

Gracias

Grazie

谢谢

ありがとう

Asante

Merci

감사합니다

धन्यवाद

Kiitos

شكرًا

ধন্যবাদ

תודה



# Automated Valet Parking: Problems and Approach

## Automated Valet Parking

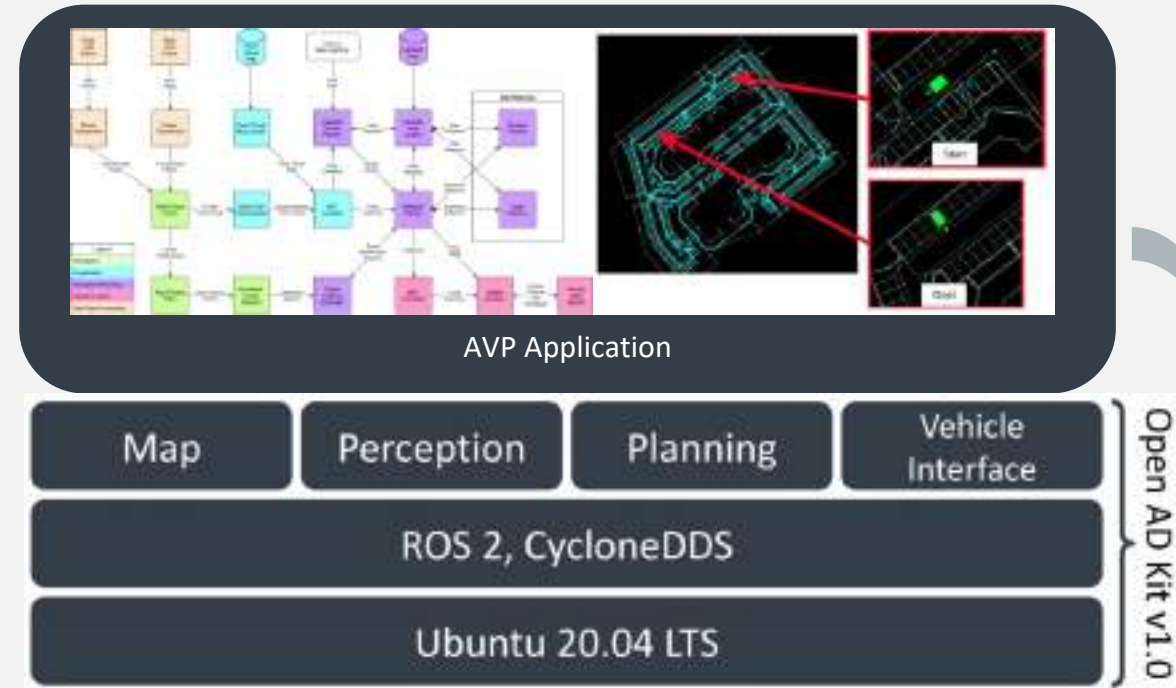
- AD application to autonomously park and return to a pick-up/drop-off area in a parking lot
- Autware Foundation provided blueprint to show how such a service can be integrated with SOAFEE SDV reference architecture

## Problems

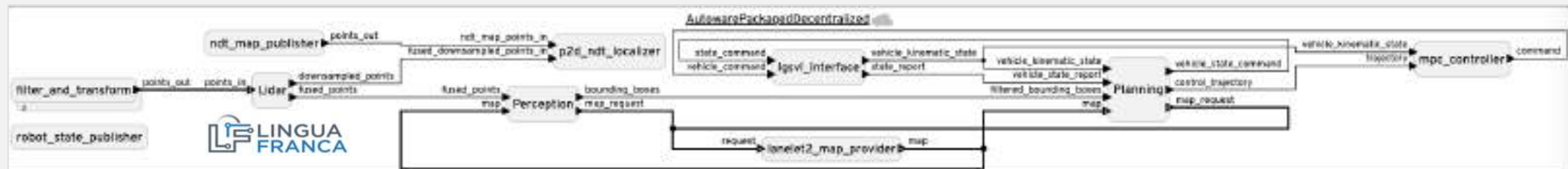
- Non-deterministic behavior (Eg: unresponsiveness, jitteriness, etc.) on SDV platform

## Approach

- LF enforced deterministic scheduling to suppress observed issues in original demo



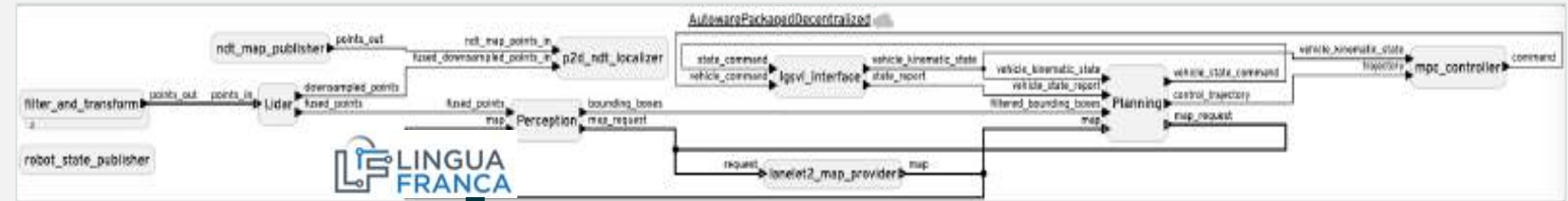
LF system modeling of AVP application



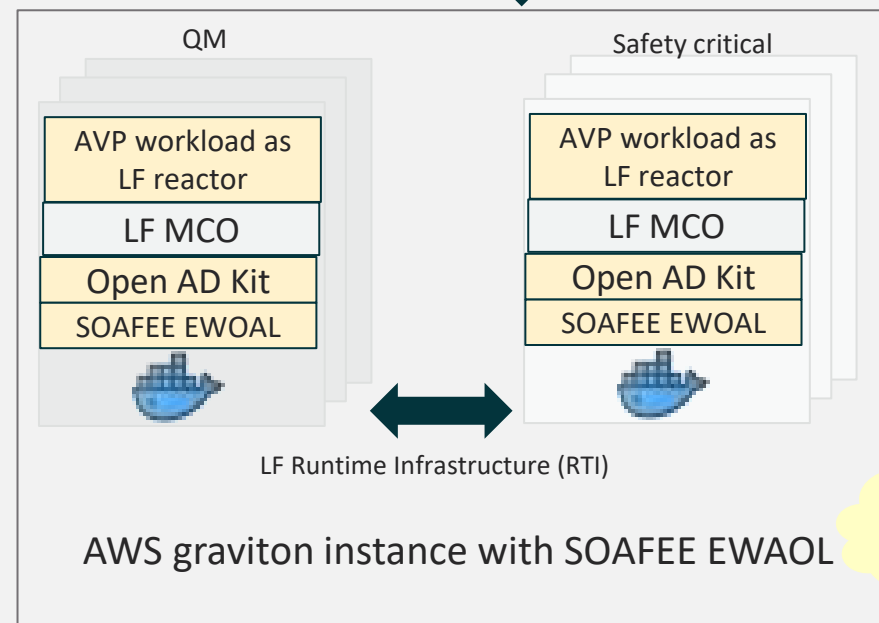
# Integrated LF and Open AD Kit application on SDV

Demonstrate LF as a mixed critical orchestrator solution on SOAFEE reference architecture using AVP

- LF Mixed Critical Orchestrator (MCO) manages the scheduling across containerized workloads
- Porting ROS2 nodes to LF
- In current configuration, safety critical and QM containers run on virtual High Performance Compute (HPC)
- The default Autoware simulator LGSVL is used



Deploy generated code as containers on cloud



Docker Swarm /VLAN



\*Evaluation on mixed criticality hardware setup is the next step.  
Testbed: NVIDIA Orin (as HPC) + (R-car S4 as Safety Island)